

Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre

Denmark +45 9690 9690 www.fmc.com

CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

Material group	-	Page 1 of 15
Product name	JMQ48 50 SG	
		Revision: March 2021
Safety data sheet according to EU Reg. 1907/2006 as amended		Supersedes May 2020

# SAFETY DATA SHEET JMQ48 50 SG

Revision: Sections containing a revision or new information are marked with a .

#### \* SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses

advised against ...... Can be used as herbicide only.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

FMC Agricultural Solutions A/S

Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre

Denmark

SDS.Ronland@fmc.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Medical emergencies:

Austria: +43 1 406 43 43 Malta: 112

Belgium: +32 70 245 245 Netherlands: +31 30 274 88 88 Bulgaria: +359 2 9154 409 Norway: +47 22 591300 Poland: +48 22 619 66 54

Czech Republic: +420 224 919 293 +48 22 619 08 97

+420 224 915 402 Portugal: 800 250 250 (in Portugal only)

Greece: 30 210 77 93 777 South Africa: +27 83 123 3911 (Bateleur Emergency Response Co.)

Hungary: +36 80 20 11 99 Spain: +34 91 562 04 20 Ireland (Republic): +353 1 837 9964 Sweden: +46 08-331231

Italy: +39 02 6610 1029 112 Latvia: +371 670 42 473 Switzerland: 145 112 Turkey: 114

Lithuania: +370 523 62052 U.S.A. & Canada: +1 800 331-3148

+370 687 53378 All other countries: +1 651 632-6793 (Collect)

Luxembourg: +352 8002 5500

For fire, leak, spill or other accident emergencies:

U.S.A.: +1 800 424-9300 (CHEMTREC – U.S.A.)

All other countries: +1 703 741-5970 (CHEMTREC – International)



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# ♣ SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure: Category 2 (H373)

Hazards to the aquatic environment, acute: Category 1 (H400)

chronic: Category 1 (H410)

WHO classification ...... Class U (unlikely to present acute hazard in normal use).

exposure.

#### 2.2. Label elements

According to EU Reg. 1272/2008 as amended

Product identifier ...... JMQ48 50 SG

Hazard pictograms (GHS08, GHS09)





Signal word ...... Warning

Hazard statements

Supplementary hazard statements

instructions of use.

Precautionary statements

P391 ..... Collect spillage.

P501 ...... Dispose of contents and container as hazardous waste.

or vPvB.

# **♣** SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. **Mixtures** ...... See section 16 for full text of hazard statements.



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Active ingredients Thifensulfuron-methyl CAS name  CAS no. IUPAC name  ISO name/EU name EC no. (EINECS no.)	Content: 40% by weight 2-Thiophenecarboxylic acid, 3-[[[(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]-, methyl ester 79277-27-3 Methyl 3-(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylcarbamoylsulfamoyl)thiophene-2-carboxylate Thifensulfuron-methyl None			
EU index no.	016-096-0	00-2		
Molecular weight	387.39			
Classification of the ingredient	Hazards to	o the aquatic en		
	acute: Category 1 (H400), M-factor 100 chronic: Category 1 (H410), M-factor 100			
Tribenuron-methyl	Content: 1	10% by weight		
CAS name	Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-methylamino]carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]-, methyl ester			
CAS no.	101200-48-0			
IUPAC name	Methyl 2-[4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl(methyl)-carbamoylsulfamoyl]benzoate			
ISO name/EU name	Tribenuron-methyl			
EC no. (ELINCS no.)	401-190-1			
EU index no.	In 30 <sup>th</sup> amendment to Dir. 67/548/EEC: 613-265-00-3 In 1 <sup>st</sup> amendment to Reg. 1272/2008: 607-177-00-9			
Molecular weight	395.39			
Classification of the ingredient	Specific to	itisation: Catego arget organ toxi o the aquatic en	icity – repeated exvironment,	xposure: Category 2 (H373)
				ry 1 (H400), M-factor 100 gory 1 (H410), M-factor 100
Reportable ingredient	Content (% w/w)	CAS no.	EC no. (EINECS no.)	Classification
Sodium carbonate Reg. no. 01-2119485498-19	10 - 15	497-19-8	207-838-8	Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)
Trisodium orthophosphate	1 - 5	7601-54-9	231-509-8	Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H335)

# ♣ SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1.	Description of first aid measures Inhalation	If experiencing any discomfort, immediately remove from exposure. Light cases: Keep person under surveillance. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms develop. Serious cases: Get medical attention immediately or call for an ambulance.
	Skin contact	Immediately remove contaminated clothing and footwear. Flush skin



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		with water. Wash with water and soap. See physician if any symptom develops.
	Eye contact	Immediately rinse eyes with much water or eyewash solution, occasionally opening eyelids, until no evidence of chemical remains. Remove contact lenses after a few minutes and rinse again. See physician if irritation develops.
	Ingestion	Inducing vomiting is not recommended. Let the exposed person rinse mouth and drink water or milk. If vomiting does occur, let him/her rinse mouth and drink fluids again. Call a doctor or get medical attention immediately.
4.2.	Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	Possibly irritation. To our knowledge, adverse effects in humans have not been reported. The product is not expected to cause severe adverse effects to health, but adverse health effects cannot be excluded in cases of much exposure.
4.3.	Indication of any immediate medical attention and special	Immediate medical attention is required in case of ingestion
	treatment needed	It may be helpful to show this safety data sheet to physician.
	Note to physician	A specific antidote against this substance is not known. Gastric lavage and/or administration of activated charcoal can be considered. After decontamination, treatment is supportive and symptomatic. Possible mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.
SECT	TION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURE	ES
5.1.	Extinguishing media	Dry chemical or carbon dioxide for small fires, water spray or foam for large fires. Avoid heavy hose streams.

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3.1.	Extinguishing inetia	for large fires. Avoid heavy hose streams.
5.2.	Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	The essential breakdown products are volatile, toxic, irritant and inflammable compounds such as nitrogen oxides, sulphur dioxide, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.
5.3.	Advice for firefighters	Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Approach fire from upwind to avoid hazardous vapours and toxic decomposition products. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Dike area to prevent water runoff. Firemen should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing.

# SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

It is recommended to have a predetermined plan for the handling of spills. Empty, closable vessels for the collection of spills should be available.

In case of large spill (involving 10 tonnes of the product or more): 1. use personal protection equipment; see section 8



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- 2. call emergency telephone no.; see section 1
- 3. alert authorities.

Observe all safety precautions when cleaning up spills. Use personal protection equipment. Depending on the magnitude of the spill this may mean wearing respirator, face mask or eye protection, chemical resistant clothing, gloves and rubber boots.

Stop the source of the spill immediately if safe to do so. Reduce and avoid formation of airborne dust as much as possible, if appropriate by moistening. Remove sources of ignition.

6.2. Environmental precautions .......

Contain the spill to prevent any further contamination of surface, soil or water. Wash waters must be prevented from entering surface water drains. Uncontrolled discharge into water courses must be alerted to the appropriate regulatory body.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

It is recommended to consider possibilities to prevent damaging effects of spills, such as bunding or capping. See GHS (Annex 4, Section 6).

Surface water drains should be covered if appropriate. Minor spills on the floor or other impervious surface should immediately be swept up or preferably vacuumed up using equipment with high efficiency final filter. Transfer to suitable containers. Clean area with strong industrial detergent and much water. Absorb wash liquid onto inert absorbent such as universal binder, Fuller's earth, bentonite or other absorbent clay and collect in suitable containers. The used containers should be properly closed and labelled.

Large spills which soak into the ground should be dug up and transferred to suitable containers.

Spills in water should be contained as much as possible by isolation of the contaminated water. The contaminated water must be collected and removed for treatment or disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections .......

See subsection 8.2. for personal protection. See section 13 for disposal.

#### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

 $7.1. \ \ \, \textbf{Precautions for safe handling} \ \ldots$ 

In an industrial environment, it is recommended to avoid all personal contact with the product, if possible by using closed systems with remote system control. The material should be handled by mechanical means as much as possible. Adequate ventilation or local exhaust ventilation is required. The exhaust gases should be filtered or treated otherwise. For personal protection in this situation, see section 8.

For its use as a pesticide, first look for precautions and personal



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protection measures on the officially approved label on the packaging or for other official guidance or policy in force. If these are lacking, see section 8.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Avoid breathing dust or spray mist.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before removing gloves, wash them with water and soap. After work, take off all work clothes and footwear. Take a shower, using water and soap. Wear only clean clothes when leaving job. Wash protective clothing and protective equipment with water and soap after each use.

Do not discharge to the environment. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters. Collect all waste material and remains from cleaning equipment, etc., and dispose of as hazardous waste. See section 13 for disposal.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

The product is stable under normal conditions of warehouse storage.

Keep in closed, labelled containers. The storage room should be constructed of incombustible material, closed, dry, ventilated and with impermeable floor, without access of unauthorised persons or children. The room should only be used for storage of chemicals. Food, drink, feed and seed should not be present. A hand wash station should be available.

7.3. **Specific end use(s)** ......

The product is a registered pesticide which may only be used for the applications it is registered for, in accordance with a label approved by the regulatory authorities.

#### **♣** SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1.	Control parameters Personal exposure limits	To our knowledge not established for the active ingredients or any other component in this product. An exposure limit of 10 mg/m³ (8-hr TWA) is recommended for other sulphonylureas. However, personal exposure limits defined by local regulations may exist and must be observed.
	Thifensulfuron-methyl	
	DNEL	Not established The EFSA has established an AOEL of 0.07 mg/kg bw/day
	PNEC, aquatic environment	Insufficient data available
	Tribenuron-methyl	
	DNEL	Not established The EFSA has established an AOEL of 0.05 mg/kg bw/day
	PNEC, aquatic environment	0.1 μg/l



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**Sodium carbonate** 

DNEL, inhalation ...... 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

PNEC, aquatic environment ....... No data available

Trisodium orthophosphate

DNEL, inhalation, systemic ......... 4.07 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

PNEC, aquatic environment ....... No hazard identified

8.2. Exposure controls ..... Wh

When used in a closed system, personal protection equipment will not be required. The following is meant for other situations, when the use of a closed system is not possible, or when it is necessary to open the system. Consider the need to render equipment or piping systems non-hazardous before opening.

The precautions mentioned below are primarily meant for handling of the undiluted product and for preparing the spray solution, but can be recommended for spraying as well.

In cases of incidental high exposure, maximal personal protection equipment may be necessary, such as respirator, face mask, chemical resistant coveralls.

Respiratory protection

The product does not automatically present an airborne exposure concern during normal handling, but in the event of an accidental discharge of the material which produces a heavy vapour or dust, workers must put on officially approved respiratory protection equipment with a universal filter type including particle filter.



Protective gloves .....

Wear chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber or nitrile rubber. The breakthrough times of these materials for the product are unknown, but it is expected that they will give adequate protection.



Eye protection .......

Wear safety glasses. It is recommended to have an eye wash fountain immediately available in the workplace when there is a potential for eye contact.



Other skin protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing to prevent skin contact depending on the extent of exposure. During most normal work situations where exposure to the material cannot be avoided for a limited time span, waterproof pants and apron of chemical resistant material or coveralls of polyethylene (PE) will be sufficient. Coveralls of PE must be discarded after use if contaminated. In cases of excessive or prolonged exposure, coveralls of barrier laminate may be required.



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# **♣** SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Minimum ignition energy ...... > 1000 mJ

9.1.	Information on basic physical and		
	chemical properties	0.11.1	
	Physical state	Solid	
	Colour	Light brown	
	Odour	Slight	15000
	Melting point/freezing point	Thifensulfuron-methyl Tribenuron-methyl	: 173°C; decomposes : 141°C
	Boiling point or initial boiling point		
	and boiling range	Decomposes	
	Flammability	Not highly flammable; m	ay be ignitable
	Lower and upper explosive limit	Not determined	
	Flash point	Not determined	
	Auto-ignition temperature	Not determined	
	Decomposition temperature	Thifensulfuron-methyl	: 173°C
	•	Tribenuron-methyl	: approx. 175°C
	pH	10 g/l dispersion in water	
	Kinematic viscosity	Not determined	
	Solubility	The product is soluble in	water.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Solubility of thifensulfur	
		n-hexane	< 0.1   g/1
		acetonitrile	7.3 g/l
		water	0.223 g/l at pH 5 and 25°C
			2.24 g/l at pH 7 and 25°C
			8.83 g/l at pH 9 and 25°C
			2.040 g/l at pH 7 and 20°C
		Solubility of <b>tribenuron</b> -	
		acetone	43.8 g/l
		hexane	0.028 g/l
		water	0.028 g/l at pH 4 and 25°C
		water	0.050 g/l at pH 5 and 25°C
			0.280 g/l at pH 6 and 25°C
			2.040 g/l at pH 7 and 20°C
	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	Thifongulfuron mothyl	
		Thifensulfuron-methyl Tribenuron-methyl	: $\log K_{ow} = -1.7$ at pH 7 and 25°C : $\log K_{ow} = 2.3$ at pH 1.5
	(log value)	1 ribenuron-metnyi	
			$\log K_{ow} = 2.25$ at pH 4.0
			$\log K_{ow} = 2.0$ at pH 5.0
			$\log K_{ow} = 1.25 \text{ at pH } 6.0$
	**		$\log K_{ow} = -0.44$ at pH 7.0
	Vapour pressure	Thifensulfuron-methyl	
			1.7 x 10 <sup>-8</sup> Pa at 25°C
	<b>5</b>	Tribenuron-methyl	: 5.33 x 10 <sup>-7</sup> Pa at 25°C
	Density and/or relative density	Bulk density, packed: ca.	0.688 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
	Relative vapour density	Not determined	
	Particle characteristics	Granules	
9.2.	Other information		
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# SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY 10.1. **Reactivity** ...... To our knowledge, the product has no special reactivities. 10.2. Chemical stability ..... The product is stable during normal handling and storage at ambient temperatures. 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions None known. 10.4. Conditions to avoid ..... Heating of the product may evolve harmful and irritant vapours. 10.5. Incompatible materials ..... None known. 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products See subsection 5.2. **♣ SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION** \* = Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11.1.	Information on hazard classes as
	defined in Regulation (EC) No
	1272/2008

Product	

swallowed. \* However, it should always be treated with the usual care of handling chemicals. The acute toxicity, as measured on a similar

product, is:

Route(s) of entry - ingestion  $LD_{50}$ , oral, rat: > 5000 mg/kg

- skin LD<sub>50</sub>, dermal, rat: > 5000 mg/kg (method OECD 402)

- inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>, inhalation, rat: not available

404). \*

Serious eye damage/irritation ...... Not irritating to eyes (measured on a similar product, method OECD

405). \*

Respiratory or skin sensitisation ... Not a skin sensitizer (method OECD 429). \*

Germ cell mutagenicity ...... The product contains no ingredients known to be mutagenic. \*

Carcinogenicity ...... The product contains no ingredients known to be carcinogenic. \*

Reproductive toxicity ....... The product contains no ingredients found to have adverse effects on

reproduction. \*

exposure. \*



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STOT – repeated exposure		The following has been measured on the active ingredient thifensulfuron-methyl:  Target organ: no specific target organ  LOEL: approx. 200 mg/kg bw/day in a 90-day rat study. At this exposure level, reduced body weight was observed (method OJ L133, 1988). *	
Aspiration hazard		The product contains no ingredients known to present an aspiration pneumonia hazard. *	
Thifensulfuron-me Toxicokinetics, meta distribution		Thifensulfuron-methyl is rapidly absorbed and excreted following oral administration. It is widely distributed in the body. Metabolism is limited. There is no evidence for accumulation.	
Acute toxicity		The substance is not harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin or if swallowed. * The acute toxicity is measured as:	
Route(s) of entry	- ingestion	$LD_{50}$ , oral, rat: $> 5000$ mg/kg (method OECD 423)	
	- skin	$LD_{50}$ , dermal, rat: $> 2000$ mg/kg (method OECD 402)	
	- inhalation	$LC_{50}$ , inhalation, rat: > 5.03 mg/l/4 h (method OECD 403)	
Skin corrosion/irrita	tion	May cause mild, transient irritation to skin (method OECD 404). *	
Serious eye damage	/irritation	Not irritating to eyes (method OECD 405). *	
Respiratory or skin s	sensitisation	The substance was not sensitising in the Local Lymph Node Assay (method OECD 429). *	
Tribenuron-methy. Toxicokinetics, meta distribution		Tribenuron-methyl is rapidly absorbed after oral intake, widely distributed in the body and extensively metabolised. Excretion is rapid, within a few days. No indication of bioaccumulation is found.	
Acute toxicity		The substance is not harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin or if swallowed. * The acute toxicity is measured as:	
Route(s) of entry	- ingestion	$LD_{50}$ , oral, rat: $> 5000$ mg/kg (method OECD 425)	
	- skin	$LD_{50}$ , dermal, rat: $> 5000$ mg/kg (method OECD 402)	
	- inhalation	$LC_{50}$ , inhalation, rat: > 5.14 mg/l/4 h (method OECD 403)	
Skin corrosion/irrita	tion	May cause mild, transient irritation to skin (method OECD 404). *	
Serious eye damage/irritation		May cause mild, transient irritation to eyes (method OECD 405). *	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation		The substance was found to be a weak sensitizer in guinea pigs (method OECD 406). It was not sensitising in the Local Lymph Node Assay (method OECD 429).	



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Sodium carbonate Toxicokinetics, metabolism and distribution	Both sodium and carbonate ions are normal constituents in the body and regulated between narrow ranges. These ranges will not be exceeded, except locally in unusual situations such as accidents.
Acute toxicity	The substance is not considered to be harmful by single exposure. *
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not irritating to skin (method OECD 404). *
Serious eye damage/irritation	Several tests have been performed with varying results. The weight of evidence is that the substance is irritating to eyes.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	To our knowledge, no indications of allergenic effects have been reported. *
<u>Trisodium orthophosphate</u> Toxicokinetics, metabolism and distribution	Both sodium and phosphate ions are essential body constituents and are regulated within narrow ranges. These ranges will not be exceeded, except locally in unusual situations such as accidents. Generally, a high phosphate diet is not considered healthy, but this is not relevant for circumstances at the workplace.
Acute toxicity	The substance is not considered to be harmful by single exposure. *
Skin corrosion/irritation	Results of animal tests indicate that the substance is not irritating to skin. *
Serious eye damage/irritation	Irritating to eyes (method EPA OTS 798.4500).
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	Not sensitising (method OECD 429). *
Information on other hazards	No more relevant information is available.

# **♣** SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.2.

12.1. <b>Toxicity</b>	The product is very toxic to aquatic plants. It is considered as non-
	toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, soil micro- and macroorganisms, birds, mammals and insects.

The ecotoxicity of the product is measured as:

- Invertebrates

- Algae	Green algae (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitate)	72-h $E_rC_{50}$ : $> 0.400 \text{ mg/l}$
- Plants	Duckweed (Lemna gibba)	7-day EC <sub>50</sub> : 2.2 μg/l
The following w	vas measured on a similar product:	
- Fish	Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	96-h LC <sub>50</sub> : $> 130 \text{ mg/l}$

Daphnids (Daphnia magna) .....

- Earthworms  $\it Eisenia\ fetida\ ...$  14-day  $\it LC_{50}$ :  $> 1000\ mg/kg\ soil$ 

 $48\text{-h EC}_{50}$ : > 130 mg/l



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- Insects Bees (Apis mellifera) ..... 48-h LD<sub>50</sub>, oral:  $> 112 \mu g/bee$ 48-h LD<sub>50</sub>, contact: > 100 μg/bee The active ingredients do not meet the criteria for being readily 12.2. Persistence and degradability .... biodegradable. However, they are degraded in the environment. Degradation occurs both by chemical hydrolysis and by microbiological degradation. Neither thifensulfuron-methyl nor tribenuron-methyl is persistent in the environment. Primary degradation half-lives vary from a few days to a few weeks in aerobic soil and water. Degradation products are not readily biodegradable and remain in soil for a few months. 12.3. **Bioaccumulative potential** ........ See section 9 for n-octanol/water partition coefficients. Due to relatively high solubility in water, none of the active ingredients bioaccumulate. The bioconcentration factors (BCF) of thifensulfuron-methyl is approx. 1. Under normal conditions the active ingredients are of high to 12.4. **Mobility in soil** ...... intermediate mobility in soil. There is a potential for leaching to groundwater. 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment ..... None of the ingredients meets the criteria for being PBT or vPvB. 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties None of the ingredients is known to have endocrine disrupting properties.

#### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

12.7. Other adverse effects .....

13.1.	Waste treatment methods	Remaining quantities of the material and empty but unclean packaging should be regarded as hazardous waste.
		Disposal of waste and packagings must always be in accordance with all applicable local regulations.
	Disposal of product	According to the Waste Framework Directive (2008/98/EC), possibilities for reuse or reprocessing should first be considered. If this is not possible, the material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing.
		Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.
	Disposal of packaging	It is recommended to consider possible ways of disposal in the following order:

Other relevant hazardous effects in the environment are not known.



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- 1. Reuse or recycling should first be considered. Reuse is prohibited except by the authorisation holder. If offered for recycling, containers must be emptied and triply rinsed (or equivalent). Do not discharge rinsing water to sewer systems.
- 2. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.
- 3. Delivery of the packaging to a licensed service for disposal of hazardous waste.
- 4. Disposal in a landfill or burning in open air should only occur as a last resort. For disposal in a landfill, containers should be emptied completely, rinsed and punctured to make them unusable for other purposes. If burned, stay out of smoke.

#### **♣ SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

# ADR/RID/IMDG/IATA/ICAO classification

14.1. **UN number** ..... 3077 14.2. UN proper shipping name ......... Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (thifensulfuronmethyl and tribenuron-methyl) 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) ........ Ш 14.4. **Packing group** ..... 14.5. Environmental hazards ..... Marine pollutant 14.6. Special precautions for user ...... Avoid any unnecessary contact with the product. Misuse can result in damage to health. Do not discharge to the environment. 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments .. The product is not transported in bulk by ship.

# SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. **Safety, health and environmental** regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso category (Dir. 2012/18/EU): dangerous for the environment.

All ingredients are covered by EU chemical legislation.

15.2. **Chemical safety assessment** ....... A chemical safety assessment is not required to be included for this product.

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**



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		Dir.	Directive	
		DIF. DNEL	Derived No Effect Level	
		EC	European Community	
		EC <sub>50</sub>	50% Effect Concentration	
		$E_rC_{50}$	50% Effect Concentration based on growth	
		EFSA	European Food Safety Authority	
		EINECS		l
		ELINCS	European LIst of Notified Chemical Substances	
			Office of Technology Solutions, Environmental Protect Agency, US	tion
		Eve Irrit.	Eye Irritation	
		GHS	Globally Harmonized classification and labelling Syste	m of
			chemicals, seventh revised edition 2017	
		IMO	International Maritime Organisation	
		ISO	International Organisation for Standardization	
		<b>IUPAC</b>	International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry	
		$LC_{50}$	50% Lethal Concentration	
		$LD_{50}$	50% Lethal Dose	
		LOEL	Lowest Observed Effect Level	
		M-factor	1	
		NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration	
		n.o.s. OECD	Not otherwise specified Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Developm	nent
		PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic	iciit
		PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration	
		Reg.	Registration, or	
		CC	Regulation	
		SG Slain Imit	Water Soluble Granules Skin Irritation	
		STOT	Specific Target Organ Toxicity	
			Specific Target Organ Toxicity by Single Exposure	
		TWA	Time Weighted Average	
		vPvB	very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative	
		WHO	World Health Organisation	
D (		ъ.		
Referen	ces		sured on this and a similar product are unpublished comp	
			on ingredients are available from published literature ar	10
		can be fou	and several places.	
Method	for classification	Specific ta	arget organ toxicity – repeated exposure: calculation rule	es
			the aquatic environment: test data	
Used ha	zard statements	H315	Causes skin irritation.	
		H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
		H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
		H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
		H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
		H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.	
		11700	TOTAL TO AQUALIC IIIC.	



Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre Denmark +45 9690 9690 www.fmc.com CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

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H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 EUH208 Contains tribenuron-methyl. May produce an allergic reaction.
 EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions of use.
 This material should only be used by persons who are made aware of its hazardous properties and have been instructed in the required

The information provided in this safety data sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable, but uses of the product vary and situations unforeseen by FMC Corporation may exist. The user has to check the validity of the information under local circumstances.

safety precautions.

Prepared by FMC Agricultural Solutions A/S / GHB

Advice on training .....